FIGHTING POVERTY

Social Protection promotes economic inclusion of persons with disabilities

Poverty affects persons with disabilities in a disproportionate manner. They experience higher rates of poverty and deprivation, and lower levels of income than the general population. Non-inclusive poverty reduction programmes implemented by most developing countries in the past decade constitute a missed opportunity that could have benefited persons with disabilities and supported their exit out of poverty.

The Special Rapporteur remind states of the following obligations:

Eliminate discrimination in the access to social protection, promote gender equality and ensure nationally defined social protection floors, which must include subsistence, essential primary health care, shelter and housing, and education.

Guarantee that benefits offered by social protection programmes include specific, disability-related costs. These are essential for an adequate standard of living for persons with disabilities and their families.

Refrain from adopting retrogressive austerity measures that directly or indirectly affect the right of persons with disabilities to social protection

States should ensure that Social Protection benefits are sufficient to enable persons with disabilities to enjoy essential levels of economic, social and cultural rights.

